# **PT4 - Committee Procurement Report**





## **Introduction**

Author:	Michael Harrington						
Project Title:	Harman Close Decent Homes						
Summary of Goods or Services to be sourced							
Carry out replacement Kitchens, Bathrooms and Remedial Works as required in the Harman Close Estate, as identified on DCCS							
surveys carried out in the Summer of 2017.							
<b>Contract Duration:</b>	1 Year		Contract Value:		£982,660		
Stakeholder information							
Project Lead & Contract Manager:		Category Manager:		Lead Department:			
Lochlan MacDonald		Michael Harrington		DCCS Housing			
Other Contact			Department				

#### **Specification Overview**

## **Summary of the Specification:**

To replace Kitchens, Bathrooms and heating systems to the Harman Close Estate. This excludes the existing properties that have previously been replaced against the same specification and any residents that have indicated works are not required.

#### **Technical and Pricing evaluation ratio**

60% (Technical) / 40% (Price)

# Is the contract likely to require financial uplifts? (Please describe what method will be used to calculate the uplift and whether this will be capped)

The list of properties and types of works will be submitted to the Supplier for approval, they will price on the current specification and the requirement.

**Project Objectives:** To ensure that the works are delivered within the timescales and to specification, whilst maintain a good service to our Residents.

#### **Customer Requirements**

Target completion date	June 2018	Target Contract award date	July 2018			
Are there any time constraints which need to be taken into consideration?						
There are no current time constraints affecting this project.						

#### **Efficiencies Target with supporting information**

The recommended strategy proposes the extension of an existing contract to deliver the same works now required at the Harman Close Estate.

The opportunity cost of carrying out further competition to award a new contract is proposed to be avoided in favour of extending an existing contract which is demonstrating value for money in delivery of the same works which are now required in this case. The previous contract award was assessed on the following basis when first awarded:

- a. Number of tenders received
- b. Any saving against pre-tender estimate?
- c. Tender price against the average tender price received
- d. Quality score of recommended contractor against average quality score achieved

At a contract value of estimated value of £982,660, this additional work is equivalent to [insert percentage] of the contract to be varied. The proposed course of action does not give rise to a compliance risk.

It is envisaged that the contractor is able to offer the same rates as the existing contract.

The project team advises that performance of the existing contract is satisfactory. The consensus view with City Procurement is that conducting further competition which is otherwise required by City Procurement rules is unlikely to realise any significant improvement in value for money.

#### **City of London Initiatives**

## How will the Project meet the City of London's Obligation to

Adhere to the Corporation Social Responsibility:

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Take into account the London Living Wage (LLW):

Yes

Consideration for Small to Medium Enterprises (SME):

Yes - The existing supplier is an SME.

Other:

## **Procurement Strategy Options**

#### **Option 1: Traditional - Client Led**

#### Advantages to this Option:

- Competed Design produced by the City, with no substantial design elements required from the supplier.
- Traditional method suites the approach in which this project relates to.
- Design Control with the City

## **Disadvantages to this Option:**

- Design risk is not passed to the contractor.
- More of a conformance specification as opposed to a fully completed design and can be amended.

## Please highlight any possible risks associated with this option:

## **Option 2: Other – Delivery Partner**

## Advantages to this Option:

- Fully Managed service
- Issues that arise are dealt with the managing partner.
- The successful delivery and keeping programming risk is transferred from the City to the Supplier.

## **Disadvantages to this Option:**

- Increased pricing due to additional management of the programme.
- Not dealing with the Supplier directly, a third party instead.
- Fail to agree on design/construction elements regarding responsibility or sharing specifications/drawings/reports could affect the delivery of the project.

# Please highlight any possible risks associated with this option

# Option 3: Design and Build

#### **Advantages to this Option:**

- Construction can start earlier, reducing the overall project delivery time.
- The employer only has one organisation to deal with one point of responsibility
- The ability to novate the design team to the design and build contractor

# Disadvantages to this Option:

- The employer may pay more if they ask the contractor to take on an unreasonably high level of risk due
- The quality may be compromised if the supplier does not follow specifications.

Please highlight any possible risks associated with this option: Issues with the design may delay the delivery of this project.

#### **Procurement Strategy Recommendation**

# City Procurement team recommended option

Traditional: Client Led – This option suites the Decent Homes Works, the repetitive nature of the work, best fits with standard specifications provided by the City

## **Procurement Route Options**

Make v buy to be considered; also indicate any discarded or radical options

#### Option 1: Sub OJEU - Open tender

#### **Advantages to this Option:**

- Advertises via Contracts Finder and our eTendering platform Capital and should encourage competition in the market.
- Allows for a wide variety of suppliers to respond.
- Creates an opportunity to contract with a new supplier.

# Disadvantages to this Option:

- May result in large volumes of returns, which will need to be evaluated.
- Additional resources are required to process the admin both pre- and post-tender process.

**Please highlight any possible risks associated with this option:** There is a possibility that poor or sub-standard response received may result in either a new tender exercise or awarding to a supplier unable to provide the full service.

# **Option 2: Other – Contract Variation**

#### **Advantages to this Option:**

- Retention of a well performing supplier.
- Established schedule of rates, providing an identical requirement as previously tendered.
- Mobilisation and set-up costs are not included.

#### Disadvantages to this Option:

- Suppliers resources need to be tested.
- Could affect the current delivery of the existing requirement.

**Please highlight any possible risks associated with this option:** Sub OJEU tendering process. This opens up the opportunity to the market ensuring we receive a large and varied amount of responses.

#### **Procurement Route Recommendation**

#### City Procurement team recommended option

Option 2: Contract Variation – This has been proposed as we would like to retain good performing suppliers, who have provided a competent response.

This also results in less commitment from the departments in terms of resources.

#### **Price Mechanism**

# **Option 1: Lump sum fixed price**

## **Advantages to this Option:**

- Gives the Client confidence in paying the one fee.
- Only required to raise one PO for the programme of works.
- Predictability in the price you receive and stick to overall.

## Disadvantages to this Option:

Increased costs from the Fixed Priced supplier to factor in for risk.

## Please highlight benefits and possible risks associated with this option relative to the specifics of the project:

Does not provide a transparent mechanism for calculating cost adjustments.

## **Option 2: Fixed price - Schedule of Requirements**

# Advantages to this Option:

- A fixed fee for different requirements, allows us to better budget future works depending on the requirement.
- The Schedule of rates is split up by size of flat and works required, allowing us better visibility on variations.

#### Disadvantages to this Option:

- Additional resources are required to measure work and certify payments
- There is no real incentive for contractors to treat work with urgency

Please highlight benefits and possible risks associated with this option relative to the specifics of the project:

## **Pricing Mechanism Recommendation**

# City Procurement team recommended option

Option 2: Fixed Price – Schedule of Rates – These rates will be based upon size of unit and the requirement.

## Form of Contract

#### **Option 1: CoL Standard amendments to JCT**

#### **Advantages to this Option:**

- City owned terms.
- Client Led contracting

## Disadvantages to this Option:

- Typically used for larger projects.
- Open to Variation
- Does not promote co-operative working.
- Reactive approach as opposed to pre-active approach

Please highlight benefits and possible risks associated with this option relative to the specifics of the project: JCT is a more

# reactive form of tender

**Option 2: Other CC&S standard form** 

# Advantages to this Option:

- Can be signed underhand as opposed to as a deed.
- Standard terms that suppliers who have worked with the City before, are used to the ways of execution.

# Disadvantages to this Option:

- Used for less complex works.
- Limited to £450k.

Please highlight benefits and possible risks associated with this option relative to the specifics of the project:

More complex works would suffer without the dispute resolution methods in the standard JCT with City amendments.

# Form of Contract Recommendation

# City Procurement team recommended option

Option 2: Other CC&S standard form – We have previously contracted with this organisation to deliver these works with this contract form.

# Sign Off

Date of Report:	03/01/2017
Reviewed By:	
Department:	
Reviewed By:	Adrian Moody
Department:	Chamberlain's Department